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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/863,976	05/23/2001	Farzan Rastinejad	PC10228B	1819
7590 11/28/2006			EXAMINER	
Paul H. Ginsburg			BETTON, TIMOTHY E	
Pfizer Inc 20th Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
235 East 42nd Street			1614	
New York, NY 10017-5755			DATE MAILED: 11/28/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/863,976	RASTINEJAD ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
·	Timothy E. Betton	1614	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be the will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29M. 2a)□ This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under E	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr	•	
Disposition of Claims		·	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 26-56 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) 56 is/are withdrawn f 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 26-55 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	rom consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So tion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applica rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage	
A44			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10 sheets.	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:		

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Art Unit: 1614

DETAILED ACTION

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on March 29, 2006 has been entered.

Claims 1-25 are cancelled. No new claims are added. Claims 26-56 are currently pending.

Applicants' arguments, filed 29 March 2006, have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous Office Actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or rejections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Information Disclosure Statement

The IDS filed 14 December 2004. Sheet 1 of instant IDS is a duplication of sheet 1 of IDS filed 09 August 2004. Additionally, on same IDS filed 14 December 2004, the reference: Wuonola *et al.*, two references have been crossed-out on the IDS, however a copy of both abstracts are filed and recorded. The two references have been recorded and filed on an additional form 892.

Claim Rejection(s) - 35 USC§ 112, 1ST paragraph

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 26-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

As stated in MPEP 2164.01(a), "There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is undue."

<u>In re Wands</u>, set forth the following eight factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure meets the enablement requirement of 35 USC 112, 1ST paragraph:

- 1. The nature of the invention;
- 2. The state of the prior art;
- 3. The predictability or lack thereof in the art;
- 4. The amount of direction or guidance present;
- 5. The presence or absence of working examples;
- 6. The breadth of the claims;
- 7. The quantity of experimentation needed; and
- 8. The level of the skill in the art.

The nature of the invention

The invention is in the field of cancer treatment; therefore the nature of the invention is complex. Instant invention is drawn to methods of stabilizing mutant forms of tumor suppressor proteins of the p53 family in humans via interaction of organic non-peptide compounds.

The state of the prior art and the predictability or lack thereof in the art

The state of the art, pharmacology, involves screening *in vitro* and *in vivo* in order to determine which compounds exhibit pharmacological activities. There is no reasonable predictability even in view of the seemingly high level of skill in the art.

Through practicing of the instant invention, it is highly unlikely that the contemporary knowledge in the art would allow one of ordinary skill in the art to accept that the instantly claimed compounds or pharmaceutical compositions thereof are capable of detecting at the disclosed minimal concentration of 1 mM or less.

The amount of direction or guidance present

The amount of direction or guidance present in instant specification and claim set is deficient in light of the nature of the alleged invention (treatments for cancer). The disclosures of instant invention do not present sufficient direction or guidance within the disclosed steps of **contacting** and **measuring** at a concentration of 1 or less of the said compound.

The presence or absence of working examples

There is the presence of working examples, however the content of such examples are absent of specific details drawn to the embodiment of the invention of being able to elicit a therapeutic effective response by use of 1mM or less of said compound. In the instant specification (page 16, line 1-3), initial disclosure of 1 mM or less is disclosed as a preferred embodiment, yet there is no presence of a working example incorporating said range in reference to a criteria and/or model specifically elucidating reasonable success. Furthermore, in the instant specification (page 49,

line15-6), there is a specific disclosure of Compound X as being active at 0.03 mM in the assay of Example 3 (page 46). However, applicant has failed to satisfy a duty to disclose evidence supporting such a conclusion. The instant example 3 makes no prior mention of 0.03 mM in the actual process steps. There is no presence of specific data charting the use of said specified concentration (0.03 mM) reasonably connected to any criteria for success in the scope of invention of alleged claims.

In the instant specification (page 46, lines 9-11 and page 48, lines 3-5, respectively) discloses results of one embodiment of assaying, however there is **no** specific mention as to the <u>exact concentration of Compound X</u> used in the measuring step of the process. In another embodiment of assaying (page 48), it discloses that the p53 dependent activation of the reporter gene occurred within a <u>relatively small</u> concentration range as the effectiveness of the compounds at higher doses were limited by cell detachment. Again, however, there is no specific disclosure as to the exact concentration of said compound, which is directed toward the measuring step of the instant invention.

In instant claim 26 disclosed therein is the binding to one or more domains of said protein under <u>physiological conditions</u> and restoring or <u>stabilizing</u> a <u>functional</u> conformation therein. However, in the specification (page 48, lines 21-23) it discloses that a strong interaction with a small subset of the protein molecules that are in the transition state <u>may</u> function to block further deviation from the active conformation or facilitate reversion to the <u>native</u> conformation. A disclosure of <u>native</u> conformation is absent from the instant claims and provides no explanation elsewhere in relation to the

scope of invention. There are no working examples by which to distinguish one example of <u>functional</u> conformation in comparison to <u>native</u> conformation. <u>Functional</u> conformation is disclosed but it is unclear as to what is intended as the scope of invention. In the absence of functional conformation, what evidence is there that native conformation as disclosed would be enabling toward claimed invention.

Physiological conditions are not readily apparent from the working examples. Though in certain embodiments, living cells and transfected cells are disclosed, there are multiplicities of factors in relation to physiological conditions. There is an absence of proper explanation directed toward said working example. The assay does not sufficiently emulate tumor cells and/or p53 cells in normal homeostatic environment. Therefore, stabilization is a term relative to the disclosed working examples. In the specification (page 46), disclosure is made in reference to compounds that enhance the stability of the active conformation on newly synthesized p53 [to] allow the accumulation of steady state levels of functional p53 in a time-dependent manner. However, the disclosed working examples are absent of any detailed data to suggest reasonable stability, further raising enabling issues.

The breadth of the claims, quantity of experimentation, and level of skill in the art

The breadth of the claims is broad including variant factors, which would require continued exhaustive experimentation. The level of the skill in the art requires high expertise due to the nature of the invention (treatment of cancer).

Again, as stated in MPEP 2164.01(a), "There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is undue."

Subject claim 26 is <u>not enabled</u> due to a lack of sufficient evidence and experimentation that said compound of a concentration 1 mM or less could reasonably achieve what is allegedly disclosed as an effective treatment for cancer via method steps of contacting and measuring. Furthermore, in the instant specification (page 49, lines 17-24), applicants' disclose that nature of the compound interaction with p53 <u>may not involve tight binding</u> to the native protein structure. A strong interaction with a <u>small subset</u> of the protein molecules that are in the transition state <u>may function</u> to block further deviation from the active conformation or facilitate reversion to the native conformation. The above statement disclosed suggests the need for on-going experimentation. In conjunction with the lack of enablement for a compound with a concentration of 1mM or less in reference to alleged invention, the ability to bind effectively presents with fundamentally significant issues of enablement.

Response to Remarks

Applicants' remarks, filed 29 March 2006, have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive. Rejections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The above rejection is either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the set presently being applied to the instant application.

Conclusion

Claims 26-55 stand rejected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy E. Betton whose telephone number is (571) 272-9922. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30a - 5:00p.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin H. Marschel can be reached on (571) 272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ARDIN H. MARSCHEL
CUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TEB